BLISS TOWNSHIP EMMET COUNTY, MICHIGAN

Financial Statements For the Year Ended March 31, 2014

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

	<u>PAGE</u>
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	1-5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Activities	7
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	8 - 9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
In Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	10 – 11
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	12
Notes to financial statements	13 - 19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	20 - 21
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Member:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

February 10, 2015

Township Board Bliss Township Emmet County, Michigan

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of *Bliss Township, Emmet County, Michigan,* as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014, which collectively comprise *Bliss* Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of *Bliss* Township's management. My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinions.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of *Bliss Township*, *Emmet County, Michigan*, as of March 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 1 through 5 and 20 through 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

how Makemieto, LPA

Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA, PC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Highlights

Net position at March 31, 2014 totaled \$299,747, representing a decrease of \$10,113 from the previous fiscal year.

Governmental Fund Highlights

The governmental activities of the Township reported an ending fund balance of \$89,237 which represents a decrease of \$16,507 from the previous fiscal year.

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

The Township purchased capital assets in the amount of \$13,055 during the current year and has no long-term debt. Capital asset and debt activity is addressed further in a subsequent section of this letter.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis; 2) the basic financial statements; and 3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Township.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities and/or business-type activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Township in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole, using accounting methods used by private companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. The Statement of Activities records all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when received or paid.

The two Government-wide statements report net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities. This is one method to measure our financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess the overall health of the Township, you may also consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions, and personnel changes.

Most of the activities are reported as governmental activities. These would include the operations recorded in the General Fund.

The comparison of net position of governmental activities from year to year serves to measure a government's financial position:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
		2014		2013
Current assets	\$	89,843	\$	112,933
Capital assets (net)		210,510		204,116
Total assets		300,353		317,049
Current liabilities		606		7,189
Total liabilities		606		7,189
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt		210,510		204,116
Unrestricted		89,237		105,744
	\$	299,747	\$	309,860

Bliss Township Net Position March 31,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The most significant portion of the Township's Net Position is the investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt that is outstanding that the Township used to acquire or construct the asset. The Township has \$299,747 in unrestricted Net Position. These assets represent resources that are available for appropriation, but are limited by policies regarding their use.

The following table summarizes the results of the changes in Net Position of the Township:

	(GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
	2014 20			2013
REVENUES:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,030	\$	1,520
General revenues:				
Property taxes		52,806		51,695
State-shared revenues		57,230		58,492
Interest income		30		30
Other income		1,129		3,912
Total Revenues		113,225	_	115,649
EXPENSES:				
Legislative	\$	2,906	\$	1,540
General government		58,031		54,478
Public safety		12,473		1,000
Public works		31,448		25,020
Recreation and culture		6,181		6,189
Other		5,649		5,511
Unallocated depreciation		6,661		6,335
Total Expenses		123,349		100,073
Net position:				
Increase (decrease)		(10,124)		15,576
Beginning net position		309,860		294,284
Ending net position	\$	299,736	\$	309,860

Bliss Township Change in Net Position March 31,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Governmental Activities

The Township is able to report positive balances in net position. Net position decreased by \$10,113. Total revenue remained stable though there was a slight decline from other revenue. Most of our expenses generally remained stable over the prior year. The greatest factor overall expenses have increased over the prior year, is that we did more road projects in the current year that we did not do in the prior year.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds, not the Township as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. They may also be created by the Township Board. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditure of those resources.

The Township has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds

Most of the Township's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Township's government-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them.

The Township maintains one major governmental fund, the General Fund. This Township fund is financed primarily by property tax revenue and state shared revenues.

Fiduciary Funds

The Township acts as a trustee or fiduciary and is responsible for insuring that the assets of these activities are collected and disbursed to the respective entities to which the funds belong. The Township maintains these funds and is responsible for insuring that the assets of these activities are spent for their intended purpose and at the direction of those individuals/organizations to which the funds belongs. These activities do not appear in the Township's government-wide financial statements since the assets do not belong to the Township. The Township maintains a Tax Collection Fund in this category.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

Governmental Fund Activities

Overall the governmental funds had a net increase in fund balance over the prior year. The Township continued to provide the same services to its residents: administrative, assessing, elections, township hall maintenance, road maintenance, fire protection, and tax collection.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS - CONTINUED

The General Fund decreased its fund balance by \$16,507, bringing the fund balance to \$89,237.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At March 31, 2014, the Township's governmental activities had \$210,510 in net capital assets (land, buildings and improvements and office equipment). Capital assets in the amount of \$13,055 were acquired during the current year for the paving of the township hall parking lot.

Long-Term Debt

No new debt was incurred during the year and the township has no debt.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no significant differences between the original and final budget.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The Township expects financial aspects of governing to be generally the same as in the current year. We plan on improving various county roads within the Township as money permits each year.

CONTACTING TOWNSHIP MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, creditors, investors, and customers with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report, or need additional information, please contact any township official at 231.537.4278 (Bliss Township Hall).

Phillip Lechowicz. **Bliss Township Supervisor**

Mary E Fostmay Mary Fortney

Bliss Township Treasurer

Obis La Clector

Doris LaVictor Bliss Township Clerk

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BLISS TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2014

ASSETS	GOVERNMEN ACTIVITII	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,344
Receivables:		
Taxes		3,777
Due from other governmental units		6,708
Due from fiduciary fund		14
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		210,510
TOTAL ASSETS		300,353
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		606
TOTAL LIABILITIES		606
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets		210,510
Unrestricted		89,237
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	299,747

BLISS TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		Program Revenue Charges for Services	Reve	Net (Expense) enue and Changes n Net Position Governmental Activities TOTAL
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
Legislative	\$	2,906	\$	-	\$	(2,906)
General government		58,031		2,030		(56,001)
Public safety		12,473		-		(12,473)
Public works		31,448		-		(31,448)
Recreation and culture		6,181		-		(6,181)
Other functions		5,649		-		(5,649)
Unallocated depreciation		6,661		-		(6,661)
Total governmental activities	\$	123,349	\$	2,030	\$	(121,319)
	General	Revenues:				
	Proper	ty taxes				52,806
	State-s	hared revenue	5			57,230
	Unrest	ricted interest	incon	ne		41
	Other					1,129
	Total ge	neral revenues	1			111,206
	Change	in net position				(10,113)
	Net posi	tion, beginning	g of ye	ear		309,860
	Net posi	tion, end of yea	ar		\$	299,747

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BLISS TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2014

ASSETS	GENERAL FUND		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,344	
Taxes receivable		3,777	
Due from other governmental units		6,708	
Due from fiduciary fund		14	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	89,843	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable		606	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		606	
FUND BALANCES:			
Unrestricted			
Assigned			
Road construction		27,796	
Subsequent years' expenditures		2,209	
Unassigned		59,232	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		89,237	
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	89,843	

BLISS TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2014

Reconciliation of fund balance on the balance sheets for governmental activities	
to the statement of net assets	
FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 89,237
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets	
are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Add: capital assets	273,718
Subtract: accumulated depreciation	 (63,208)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 299,747

BLISS TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

	GENERAL	
	FUN	
REVENUES:		
Taxes	\$	52,806
State shared revenues		57,230
Charges for services		2,030
Interest		41
Other		1,129
TOTAL REVENUES		113,236
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Legislative		2,906
General government		58,031
Public safety		12,473
Public works		31,448
Recreation and culture		6,181
Other functions		5,649
Capital outlay		13,055
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		129,743
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(16,507)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		105,744
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	89,237

BLISS TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

Reconciliation of statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of governmental funds to statement of activities	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (16,507)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, those costs are allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Add: capital outlay expenditures Subtract: depreciation expense	13,055 (6,661)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (10,113)

BLISS TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND MARCH 31, 2014

ASSETS	AGENCY FUND	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Due to other funds		(14)
TOTAL LIABILITIES		(14)
NET POSITION		
Fiduciary Net Position	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Bliss Township, Emmet County, Michigan conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant policies used by Bliss Township.

A. Reporting Entity

The Township is governed by an elected five-member Township Board. Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the Township has certain oversight responsibilities over other organizations, those organizations should be included in the Township's financial statements. The basic criterion for including a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority or other governmental organization in a governmental unit's financial report is the exercise of oversight responsibility over such agencies by the governmental unit's elected officials. The manifestations of such oversight responsibility are financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The Township has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements:</u> The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The township does not have any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

<u>Fund Financial Statements:</u> Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria, based on percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the governmental and proprietary funds, for the determination of major funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be available when cash is received by the government.

The Township reports the following major governmental fund:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Financing is provided primarily by property taxes and state shared revenues.

The Township reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Trust and Agency Fund:</u> Tax Collection Fund is used to account for property taxes collected for the Township and as an agent for other governmental units. Fiduciary activities are not reported in the government-wide financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments:</u> Cash and cash equivalents consist of demand deposits, cash in savings and money market accounts. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market, and consist of certificates of deposit with maturity values of three months or longer.

<u>Receivables, Payables and Transfers</u>: All receivables are reported at their gross values. Interfund receivables and payables arise from inter-fund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. There are no transfers during the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Receivable from other governments represents various shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Capital Assets:</u> Capital assets which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are generally defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Expenditures for maintenance and repair are charged to current expenditures as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method.

When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Buildings and improvements	15-40 years
Equipment	5-10 years

<u>Compensated Absences and Post-employment Benefits:</u> There is no accumulated vacation, sick leave, or post-employment benefits to be recognized.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. The township has no long-term obligations.

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The Township did not have any nonspendable resources as of March 31, 2014.
- <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a)externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Township did not have any restricted resources as of March 31, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Continued

- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by The Township's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Township's Board or through the Township Board delegating this responsibility to the management through the budgetary process. The Township has assigned a portion of the fund balance of the General Fund in the amounts of \$25,907 for road construction and \$2,209 for subsequent years' expenditures, as of March 31, 2014.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

The Township would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

<u>Fund Equity:</u> In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

<u>Estimates:</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain report amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information:</u> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Township follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the Township Supervisor submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on April 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Board.
- 5. Appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year.

The Township Board's budgetary procedures are in compliance with P.A 621 of 1978 (The Uniform Budgeting Act).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3: PROPERTY TAX

Property tax revenues for the year ended March 31, 2014, reflected in the accompanying financial statements include property taxes levied December 31, 2013. These taxes are due by February 15, 2014, and are added to the County tax rolls after February 28, 2014. The Township receives 100% payment for the delinquent tax by June, 2014.

The taxable value of the Township totaled \$19,935,887, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 2.000 mills for the Township's operating purposes, raising \$47,126 for operating purposes.

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Statutory Authority:</u> Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Township is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township Board has designated two financial institutions for the deposit of Township funds. The investment policy adopted by the board, in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997, has authorize investments in bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

The Local Governmental Unit's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority

The caption on the statement of net position relating to cash and cash equivalents and investments represent cash deposits at one local bank in the amount of \$79,358.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the following list of authorized investments. The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit risk:</u> The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The Township has no investments for which ratings are required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: At year-end the carrying amounts of the deposits did not exceed \$250,000 and, therefore, are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (F.D.I.C.). The Township's deposits may experience significant fluctuations in deposit balances through the year.

NOTE 5: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund receivables and payables for the year ended March 31, 2014 is as follows:

Fund	Interfur Receival		Interfund Payable		
General Tax Collection	\$	14	\$	- 14	
Total	\$	14	\$	14	

There were no operating transfers for the year ended March 31, 2014.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the governmental activities for the current year was as follows:

	Balance April 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance March 31, 2014
Not being <u>depreciated:</u> Land	\$ 13,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,000
Being depreciated: Building and	242.810	12.055		256 865
improvements Furniture and equipment	243,810 3,853	13,055	-	256,865
Subtotal	260,663	13,055	-	273,718
Less accumulated depreciation	(56,547)	(6,661)		(63,208)
Total	\$ 204,116	\$ 6,394	\$ -	\$ 210,510

Depreciation was charged to the Township's functions as follows:

General government

\$6,661

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan for general liability, property loss, professional, public official errors and omissions liabilities. This plan is a self-insurance risk association operating within the State of Michigan pursuant to Act 138, Michigan Public Acts of 1982. This plan, through its risk manager, secures insurance policies or reinsurance treaties to cover the risks undertaken on behalf of the Township. The Township pays an annual premium to the Michigan Participating Plan for its general insurance coverage and has no additional liability beyond the premiums made to this plan.

The Township continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including worker's compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Township has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through February 10, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BLISS TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

	ORIGINAL	FINAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL AMENDED BUDGET POSITIVE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property tax	\$ 47,03	2 \$ 47,032	\$ 47,126	\$ 94
Property taxes - administrative fee	5,00	0 5,000	5,680	680
Summer school collection	1,40	0 1,400	-	(1,400)
Total taxes	53,43	2 53,432	52,806	(626)
State shared revenues:				
State shared revenues	45,00	0 45,000	45,846	846
State shared revenues-METRO Act	2,00	0 2,000	2,033	33
Swampland taxes	11,25	0 11,250	9,351	(1,899)
Total state shared revenues	58,25	0 58,250	57,230	(1,020)
Charges for services:				
Cemetery lots, burials and other	1,00	0 1,000	2,030	1,030
Interest	5	0 50	41	(9)
Other revenue:				
Land division fees	6	0 60	120	60
Contributions from others		-	200	200
Other	60	0 600	809	209
Total other revenues	66	0 660	1,129	469
TOTAL REVENUES	113,39	2 113,392	113,236	(156)

BLISS TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

	ORIGI BUDG		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL AMENDED BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
EXPENDITURES:					<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
LEGISLATIVE					
Township board	\$	3,050 \$	3,050	\$ 2,906	\$ 144
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Supervisor		7,500	7,500	6,626	874
Assessor		12,700	12,700	11,751	949
Elections		1,000	1,000	603	397
Board of Review		1,500	1,619	1,619	-
Clerk		9,000	9,000	8,295	705
Treasurer		9,750	9,947	9,129	818
Legal and professional		3,500	3,500	3,150	350
Township property		9,500	13,223	9,261	3,962
Cemetery		7,750	7,750	7,597	153
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		62,200	66,239	58,031	8,208
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Fire protection		11,000	12,496	12,473	23
PUBLIC WORKS					
Highways and streets		33,000	33,000	31,448	1,552
RECREATION AND CULTURE					
Library		6,300	6,300	6,181	119
OTHER FUNCTIONS					
Insurance and bonds		3,500	3,500	3,121	379
Payroll taxes		2,800	2,800	2,528	272
TOTAL OTHER FUNCTIONS		6,300	6,300	5,649	651
CAPITAL OUTLAY		-	14,000	13,055	945
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		121,850	127,385	129,743	10,697
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(8,458)	(13,993)	(16,507)	10,541
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		105,744	105,744	105,744	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	97,286 \$	91,751	\$ 89,237	\$ 10,541



Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants

February 10, 2015

COMMUNICATION OF SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL AND OTHER MATTERS

Township Board Bliss Township Emmet County, Michigan

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Bliss Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, I considered Bliss Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing my auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Township's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Township's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. However, as discussed below, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control that I consider to be a material weakness and two other deficiencies that I consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the following deficiency in Bliss Township's internal control to be a material weakness:

Financial Statement Preparation

Bliss Township does not have procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and to present required financial statement disclosures.

However, small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year-end financial statements.

Bliss Township February 10, 2015 Page 2 (two)

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider the following deficiencies in Bliss Township's internal control to be significant deficiencies:

Lack of Segregation of Duties

Lack of segregation of duties exists in the accounting function due to the limited number of accounting personnel.

This condition is generally inherent in organizations the size of Bliss Township, where corrective action is not practical, and to the extent possible, duties are allocated between accounting personnel to mitigate the risk of material asset misappropriation.

In addition, I noted other matters for your consideration:

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

X Maltmieto, LPB

Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA, PC



Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants

February 10, 2015

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE

Township Board Bliss Township Emmet County, Michigan

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Bliss Township for the year ended March 31, 2014. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated June 9, 2014. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Bliss Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended March 31, 2014. I noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was the determination of depreciation expense. Management's estimate of depreciation expense is based on the estimated lives of the capital assets. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Bliss Township February 10, 2015 Page 2 (two)

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated February 10, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

Auditing standards require me to report to you significant audit findings or issues. Following are the significant findings I noted during my audit:

- There is a lack of segregation of duties in the accounting function due to the limited number of accounting personnel. This condition is generally inherent in organizations the size of Bliss Township, where corrective action is not practical, and to the extent possible, duties are allocated between accounting personnel to mitigate the risk of material asset misappropriation.
- Bliss Township does not have procedures in place to prepare financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and to present required financial statement disclosures. However, small organizations with limited resources and personnel inherently have difficulty in establishing and maintaining effective internal accounting controls related to the preparation and review of the formal year-end financial statements.

Bliss Township February 10, 2015 Page 3 (three)

Additionally I have presented other matters for your consideration in the same letter dated February 10, 2015.

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board and management of Bliss Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

hand Makemeinto, LPB

Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA Richard E. Mahlmeister, CPA, PC